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(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Total Pages in this Submission

Box Patent Application
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

OPTOELECTRONIC RECEIVER AND METHOD OF MAKING AN ALIGNED OPTOELECTRIC RECEIVER

and invented by:

Eberhard MOESS, Bernhard SCHWADERER

If a CONTINUATION APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

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Enclosed are:

Application Elements

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 16 pages and including the following:
 - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
 - b. ☐ Cross References to Related Applications (*if applicable*)
 - c. ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development (*if applicable*)
 - d. ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix (*if applicable*)
 - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
 - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
 - g. ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings (*if drawings filed*)
 - h. ☒ Detailed Description
 - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
 - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL
(Large Entity)

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1333

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Application Elements (Continued)

3. ☒ Drawing(s) *(when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)*
- a. ☒ Formal Number of Sheets 4
- b. ☐ Informal Number of Sheets _____
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
- a. ☒ Newly executed *(original or copy)* ☐ Unexecuted
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) *(for continuation/divisional application only)*
- c. ☒ With Power of Attorney ☐ Without Power of Attorney
- d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference *(usable if Box 4b is checked)*
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied
under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby
incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche *(Appendix)*
7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all must be included)*
- a. ☐ Paper Copy
- b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy *(identical to computer copy)*
- c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

Accompanying Application Parts

8. ☒ Assignment Papers *(cover sheet & document(s))*
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(B) Statement *(when there is an assignee)*
10. ☐ English Translation Document *(if applicable)*
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing
- ☐ First Class ☒ Express Mail *(Specify Label No.):* EF 042301908 US

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Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)

15. ☒ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)

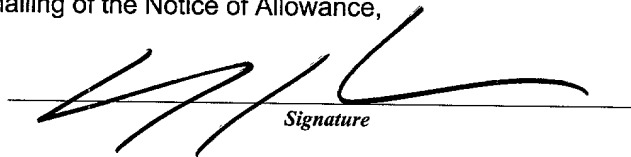
16. ☐ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

Fee Calculation and Transmittal

CLAIMS AS FILED

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	10	- 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Indep. Claims	2	- 3 =	0	x \$80.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
BASIC FEE					\$710.00
OTHER FEE (specify purpose) <u>ASSIGNMENT RECORDATION</u>					\$40.00
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 - ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).


Signature

Dated: **OCTOBER 17, 2000**

cc:

Background of the Invention

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to an aligned optoelectronic receiver and, more particularly, to an optoelectronic receiver comprising a device for taking in or collecting optical signals, an optical sensor for converting optical signals into electrical signals and a coupling element for aligning an input optical signal on an optical-signal sensitive surface of the optical sensor. It also relates to a method of making an aligned optoelectronic receiver so that it is accurately aligned to receive incoming optical signals.

2. Prior Art

Optoelectronic receivers of the above-described type are known. They have a device for taking in or collecting optical signals (in the following called a telescope), by means of which the optical signals from an external source are guided to an optical sensor for conversion of the optical signals into electrical signals. The optical sensor has a sensitive surface, on which the optical signals must fall in order to be converted into electrical signals. An evaluation electronic circuit is associated with the optical sensor, by means of which the converted electrical signals are evaluated, stored, transmitted or the like.

In order to align the optic axis of the device for taking in optical signals on the sensitive surface of the optical sensor it is known to arrange a coupling element between the device for taking in or collecting optical signals and the

optical sensor. An adjustment of the entire optoelectronic receiver is possible by alignment of the coupling element to a predetermined position relative to the optical sensor and of the device for taking in optical signals relative to the coupling element.

5 In the known optoelectronic receiver a plurality of adjusting devices are required for adjusting the individual elements, which lead to a complicated and thus costly structure and a very extensive work routine in order to perform the individual adjusting steps.

10 **Summary of the Invention**

It is an object of the present invention to provide an improved aligned optoelectronic receiver, in that the adjustments that are necessary to accurately align the optoelectronic receiver to receive incoming optical signals are more
15 easily and simply performed in a more economical process for making the aligned optoelectronic receiver.

It is another object of the invention to provide a method of making an aligned optoelectronic receiver, which is accurately aligned to receive the incoming optical signals.

20 These objects and others, which will be made more apparent hereinafter, are attained in an optoelectronic receiver comprising a device for taking in or collecting optical signals, an optical sensor for converting the optical signals into electronic signals and a coupling element for alignment of the optic axis of the

device for taking in or collecting the optical signals on a sensitive surface of the optical sensor.

According to the invention the optoelectronic receiver includes a holder for the device for taking in the optical signals, a retaining device for the coupling
5 element and a joint adjusting means for adjusting the holder for the device for taking in the optical signals and the retaining device for the coupling element.

The optoelectronic receiver according to the invention has the advantage provides the advantage that an exact position adjustment of the individual elements of the optoelectronic receiver is possible in a simple manner. Because
10 of the feature that a common adjusting means is provided for both a holder of the device for taking in or collecting the optical signals and a retaining device for the coupling element, the adjustment of the entire optoelectronic receiver is essentially simplified. The common adjusting means may be used in an especially simple way for subsequent adjustments of the coupling element
15 relative to the optical axis of the optoelectronic receiver and the device for taking in optical signals relative to the coupling element.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention the common adjusting means is an optical bench, which has a predetermined upper surface. This upper surface is used for alignment of the coupling element and the device for
20 collecting or taking in the optical signals. In a particularly simple manner an exact adjustment is possible in a particularly simple manner by a common reference surface for the coupling element and the retaining device. Alignment errors for the reference surface lead to equal deviations of the adjustment of the coupling

element and the device for receiving the optical signals. An exact alignment of the optical signals on the sensitive surface of the optical sensor and thus with the optic axis of the entire optoelectronic receiver is thus possible.

Especially self-adjustment of the optoelectronic receiver by an external optical test signal by means of the common adjusting means is preferable. Both the coupling element and also the device for collecting or taking in the optical signals can be changed in their position relative to each other by the common adjusting device, so that an electrical signal is generated by the optical sensor, which provides a result used for the adjustment of the optoelectronic receiver with the known optical test signal. This procedure provides a highly precisely adjusted optoelectronic receiver.

Brief Description of the Drawing

The objects, features and advantages of the invention will now be illustrated in more detail with the aid of the following description of the preferred embodiments, with reference to the accompanying figures in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic cross-sectional view through an optoelectronic receiver according to the invention; and

Figures 2 to 4 are respective detailed views of the optoelectronic receiver according to the invention.

Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Figure 1 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view through an optoelectronic receiver 10. The optoelectronic receiver 10 comprises a device 12 for taking in optical signals (also referred to as a telescope in the following). Optical signals are conducted to a sensitive surface of an optical sensor 16 by means of the telescope 12. The optical sensor 16 is part of a module 18, which includes evaluation electronics 20. The optical sensor 16 and the evaluation electronics 20 are arranged in a housing 22, which at the same time acts as a retaining device 24 for the module 18. An optical coupling element 26 is integrated in a side of the housing 22 closest to the telescope 12. The position of the optical coupling element 26 relative to the sensor 16 is determined by the structure and construction of the housing 22. The optical coupling element 26 comprises an unshown detailed structure, which guides optical signals falling on it so that they fall on the sensitive surface 14 of the optical sensor or sensor element 16.

The housing 22 is mounted with its retaining device 24 on an adjusting means 28, which is formed by an optical bench 30. The optical bench 30 has a defined surface 32, on which the retaining device 24 sits with a guiding surface 34. The optical bench 30 forms a cover or roof 36 of another housing 38, inside of which additional circuit components 39 of the optoelectronic receiver 10 are housed. These additional circuit components 39, for example, are structured on an under side of the optical bench 30. An electrical connection between the

module 18 and the circuit components 39 occurs by means of an electrical connection indicated here, for example, by bonding wire, band or ribbon connector or the like. The housing 22 shown in Fig. 1 has unshown through-going contacts (vias) for contacting the evaluation electronics 20. The optical bench 30 has a passage 31 for receiving the module 18.

The optoelectronic receiver 10 further comprises a holder 42 for the telescope 12. The holder 42 comprises a receptacle 44 for the telescope 12, which is converted or goes over into a receiving chamber 48 for the module 18 by means of a step 46. The holder 42 quasi-embraces or partially surrounds the retaining device 24 of the module 18 with its feet 50. The feet 50 of the holder 42 have guiding surfaces 52, which rest on the upper surface 32 of the optical bench 30.

The upper surface of the optical bench 30 and the guiding surfaces 34 of the retaining device 24 and the guiding surfaces 52 of the holder 42 are flat so that the module 18 and the telescope 12 are aligned relative to an optic axis 54 of the optoelectronic receiver 10 by means of the upper surface 32 of the optical bench 30. The mounting angle of the module 18 and the telescope 12, which ideally amounts for 90° to the optic axis 54, is thus set or fixed by means of the optical bench 30. However this angle may be varied from 90° with upper surface 32, guiding surfaces 52 and 34 oriented at the same angle. Furthermore the optic axis 54' of the telescope 12 may be aligned with the optic axis of the coupling element 26 and thus on the sensitive surface 14 of the optic sensor 16 in an easy way by means of the common adjusting means 28 for the module 18

and the telescope 12. This only requires a shift of the holder 42 for the telescope 12 relative to the retaining device 24 of the module 18.

The adjustment of the optoelectronic receiver 10 takes place according to the following procedure. The operation of the optoelectronic receiver is generally known so that it need not be illustrated here in detail in the description of the invention here. It should be clear from the figures that an optical signal 56 from an unshown external source is received and converted into an electrical signal. For that purpose the optic axis 54' of the telescope 12 is aligned so that the optical signal 56 falls on the sensitive surface 14 of the optic sensor 16.

First the module 18 is set in the passage 31 of the optical bench 30, so that the guiding surface 34 is positioned on the upper surface 32. After positioning of the module 18 attachment occurs, for example by means of laser welding, adhesives or the like, so the warping or distortion is minimal. Subsequently the holder 42 is mounted with the telescope 12 on the optical bench 30. An exact relative displacement of the holder 42 and thus the telescope on the module 18 can occur because of the planar guiding surface 52 and the planar upper surface 32, without the optic axis 54' of the telescope experiencing an angular shift relative to the optic axis 54 of the optoelectronic receiver 10. The optic axis 54' of the telescope 12 has a definite angular orientation relative to the optic axis 54, which is determined by the planar surfaces 32, 52 and 34.

For adjustment purposes the optoelectronic receiver 10 can be acted on with a definite optical test (adjusting) signal 56. This optical test signal is guided

through the telescope 12 to the coupling element 26. The positioning of the telescope 12 can occur by sliding the holder 42 relative to the optical bench 30 and thus the retaining device 24 until an expected electrical signal is produced in response to the test optical signal by means of the evaluation electronics 20 and

39. When this is the situation, the telescope is adjusted in such a way that the optic axis 54' of the telescope 12 coincides with the optic axis 54 of the optoelectronic receiver 10, so that the optical signals reach the optical-signal sensitive surface 14 of the optic sensor 16. The adjustment may be performed by simple steps, with the aid of a clear sign. Especially a quasi-self-adjustment is possible by means of a received optical test signal 56, which decisively effects the accuracy and control of the adjustment of the optoelectronic receiver 10 and guarantees a higher accuracy. After reaching the adjusted position of the holder 42 it can be fixed with minimal distortion or warping, for example by means of laser welding or gluing, to the optical bench 30.

Figure 2 shows the essential features of the optoelectronic receiver 10. The same parts as shown in Fig. 1 are provided with the same reference symbols and are not described in further detail in relation to Fig. 2. The optical bench 30 has a circuit board 57 on its underside, on and in which the electronic circuit components 39 are integrated. Through-going contacts 59 are provided in the housing 22, by which an electrical contacting of the connecting conductors 40 occurs, on the one hand, and of the evaluation electronics 20, on the other hand. The housing 22, for example, is a ceramic housing. The retaining device 24 carries the coupling element 26 over a passage 58. The retaining device 24 is

provided with an optical window 60 on the side closest to the optical sensor 16, so that a hermetic seal of the optic sensor 16 in the housing 22 results. Joining points 62, on which a force-locking connection of the retaining device 24 and the housing 22, on the one hand, and the retaining device 24 and the optical bench, on the other hand, can occur. This force-locking connection can, for example, occur by laser welding or gluing processes. Adjustment accuracy of about 0.1 μm with a warping or distortion of $< 1 \mu\text{m}$ is obtained.

Fig. 3 shows the module 18 of the optoelectronic device 10 alone. The connection of the retaining device 24 with the housing 22 is made at the connection points 62 is shown in Fig. 3.

Fig. 4 shows finally another embodiment, in which the method of contacting of the evaluation electronics 20 with the circuit components 39 is different. According to the previous figures the through-going contacts 59 were provided in the housing 22. In the embodiments shown in Fig. 4 a so-called frame connector 64 (lead frame) is provided, by which it is possible to contact the evaluation electronics with the additional circuit components 39. This contacting frame 64 may integrate certain structural elements by means of known manufacturing processes.

The disclosure in German Patent Application 199 52 363.0 of October 30, 1999 is incorporated here by reference. This German Patent Application describes the invention described hereinabove and claimed in the claims appended hereinbelow and provides the basis for a claim of priority for the instant invention under 35 U.S.C. 119.

While the invention has been illustrated and described as embodied in an optoelectronic receiver, it is not intended to be limited to the details shown, since various modifications and changes may be made without departing in any way from the spirit of the present invention.

5 Without further analysis, the foregoing will so fully reveal the gist of the present invention that others can, by applying current knowledge, readily adapt it for various applications without omitting features that, from the standpoint of prior art, fairly constitute essential characteristics of the generic or specific aspects of this invention.

10 What is claimed is new and is set forth in the following appended claims.

We claim:

1 1. An optoelectronic receiver having an optic axis (54) and comprising
2 a device (12) for taking in optical signals having an optic axis (54');
3 an optical sensor (16) for converting the optical signals into electronic
4 signals when the optical signals fall on a sensitive surface (14) of said optical
5 sensor (16);
6 a coupling element (26) for alignment of the optic axis (54') of the device
7 (12) for taking in the optical signals on the sensitive surface (14) of the optical
8 sensor (16);
9 a holder (42) for the device (12) for taking in the optical signals;
10 a retaining device (24) for the coupling element (26); and
11 a joint adjusting means (28) for adjusting the holder (42) for the device for
12 taking in the optical signals and the retaining device (24) for the coupling
13 element.

1 2. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 1, wherein said adjusting
2 means (28) comprises an optical bench (30), said optical bench (30) is provided
3 with a predetermined upper surface (32) and the upper surface (32) of the optical
4 bench (30) is a means for aligning the coupling element (26) and the device (12)
5 for taking in the optical signals.

1 3. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 2, wherein the retaining device
2 (24) is provided with a flat guiding surface (34) that rests on the upper surface
3 (32) of the optical bench (30).

1 4. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 1, wherein said holder (42)
2 surrounds or embraces the retaining device (24).

1 5. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 2, wherein the holder (42) has
2 a flat guiding surface (52), which contacts or rests on the upper surface (32) of
3 the optical bench (30).

1 6. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 2, wherein said upper surface
2 (32) of said optical bench (30) has a predetermined angular position relative to
3 the optic axis (54) of the optoelectronic receiver (10).

1 7. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 6, wherein in said
2 predetermined angular position of the optic axis (54) is perpendicular or at 90°
3 relative to said upper surface (32).

1 8. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 1, consisting of an aligned
2 optoelectronic receiver apparatus and further comprising means (62) for
3 attaching said holder (42) and said retaining device (24) in a fixed position

4 relative to each other after an adjustment procedure to align the optical signals
5 on the sensitive surface of the optical sensor.

1 9. The optoelectronic receiver as defined in claim 8, further comprising means for
2 generating an optical test signal (56) for self-adjustment of the optoelectronic
3 receiver.

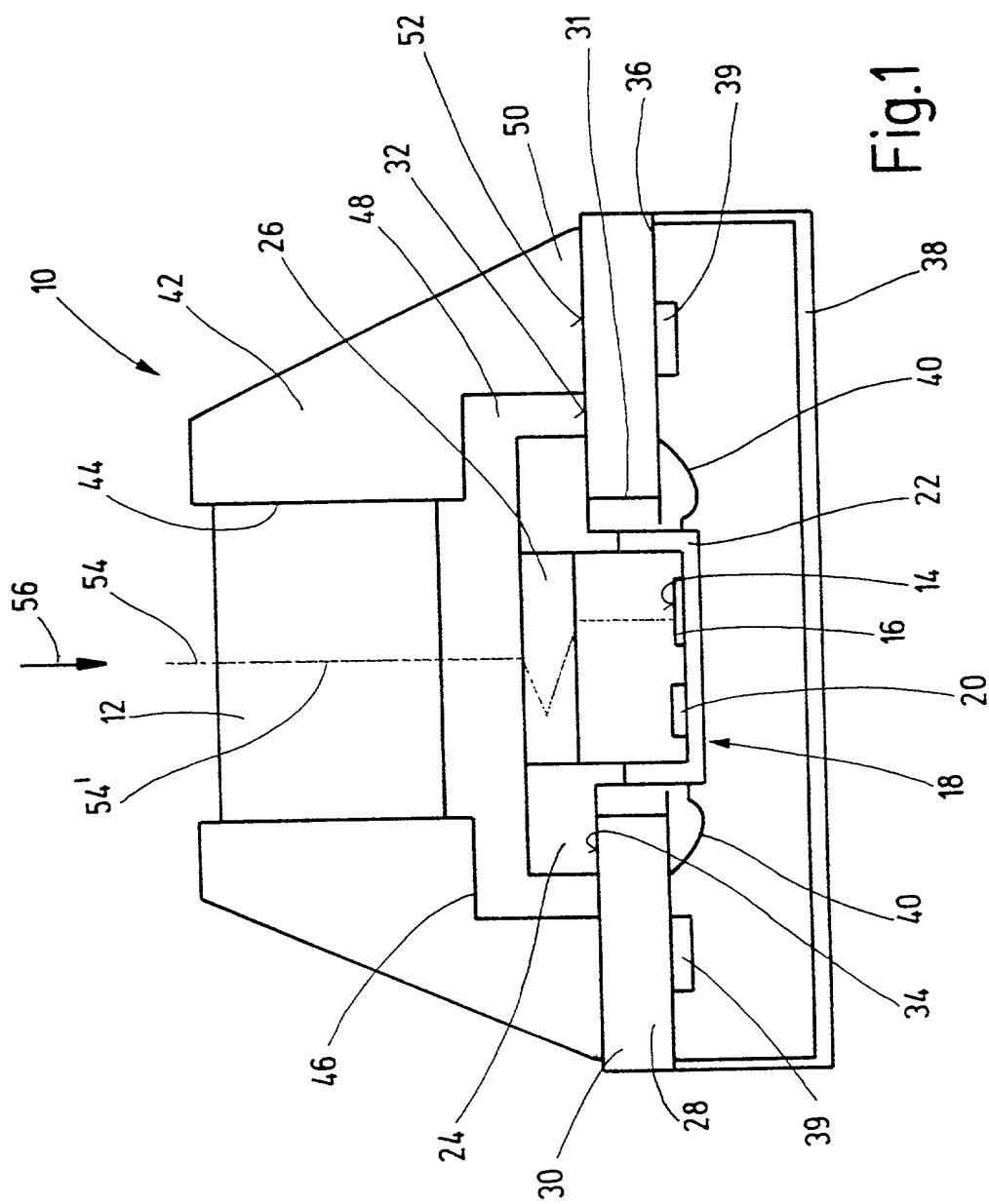
10. A method of making an aligned optoelectronic receiver (10), said optoelectronic receiver (10) comprising having an optic axis (54) and comprising a device (12) for taking in optical signals having an optic axis (54'); an optical sensor (16) for converting the optical signals into electronic signals when the optical signals fall on a sensitive surface (14) of said optical sensor (16); a coupling element (26) for alignment of the optic axis (54') of the device (12) for taking in the optical signals on the sensitive surface (14) of the optical sensor (16); a holder (42) for the device (12) for taking in the optical signals; a retaining device (24) for the coupling element (26); and a joint adjusting means (28) for adjusting the holder (42) for the device for taking in the optical signals and the retaining device (24) for the coupling element, wherein said adjusting means (28) comprises an optical bench (30), said optical bench (30) is provided with a predetermined upper surface (32) and the upper surface (32) of the optical bench (30) comprises means for aligning the coupling element (26) and the device (12) for taking in the optical signals, wherein said retaining device (24) and said

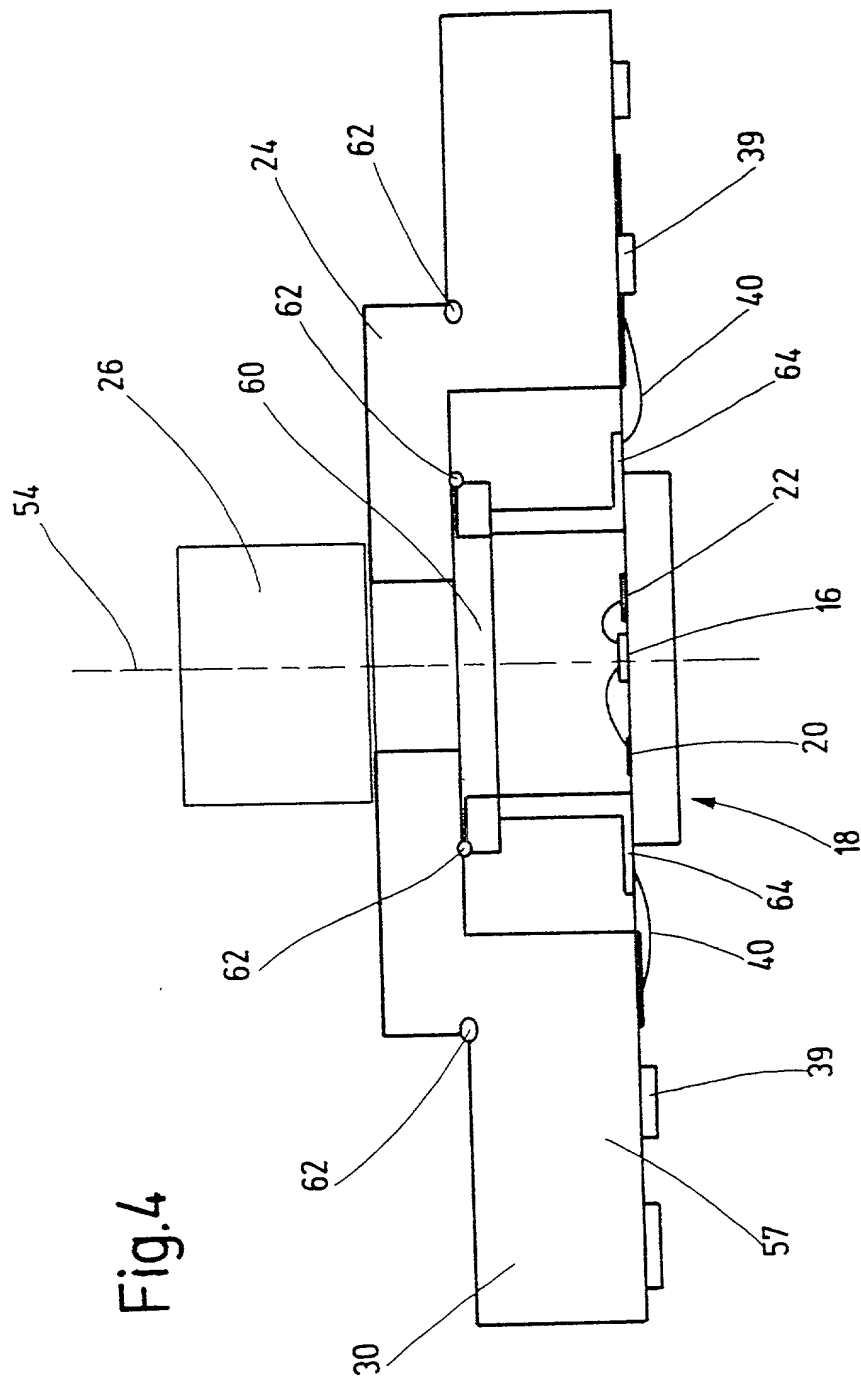
holder (42) have respective guiding surfaces (34, 52) bearing on said upper surface (32) of said optical bench (30); said method comprising the steps of:

- a) providing a module (18) including the optical sensor (16), a housing (22) for the optical sensor, the coupling element (26) and the retaining device (24) for the coupling element and providing a passage (31) in the optical bench (30) for accommodating the module (18);
- b) placing the module (18) in the passage (31) in the optical bench (30);
- c) attaching the module (18) to the optical bench by laser welding or gluing;
- d) placing the holder (42) with the device (12) on the optical bench (30);
- e) inputting a test optical signal through the device (12) for taking in the optical signals;
- f) displacing the holder (42) relative to the optical bench (30) until a predetermined electrical signal is produced by the optical sensor (16) in response to the test optical signal by means of evaluation electronics (20), said electrical signal indicating attainment of an aligned configuration; and
- g) after the inputting of step e) and the displacing of the holder in step f), attaching the holder (42) to the optical bench (30) at attachment points (62) by means of laser welding or gluing, whereby said aligned optoelectronic receiver is formed.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The optoelectronic receiver includes a device (12) for taking in or collecting optical signals; an optical sensor (16) for converting the optical signals into electronic signals; a coupling element (26) for alignment of the optic axis of the device for taking in or collecting the optical signals on a sensitive surface of the optical sensor; a holder (42) for the device (12) for taking in the optical signals; a retaining device (24) for the coupling element (26); and a joint adjusting means (28) for adjusting the holder (42) for the device for taking in the optical signals and the retaining device (24) for the coupling element. After adjustment using the joint adjusting means the holder and retaining device are fixed in position to form an aligned optoelectronic receiver. A method of making the aligned optoelectronic receiver is also described.





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Declaration and Power of Attorney for Patent Application Erklärung für Patentanmeldungen mit Vollmacht

German Language Declaration

Als nachstehend benannter Erfinder erkläre ich hiermit an Eides
Statt:

Eberhard MOESS
Bernhard SCHWADERER

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

Eberhard MOESS
Bernhard SCHWADERER

dass mein Wohnsitz, meine Postanschrift und meine
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aufgeführten Angaben entsprechen, dass ich nach bestem Wissen der
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mit Titel 37, § 1.56 von Belang sind.

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next
to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name
is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural
names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and
for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

OPTOELECTRONIC RECEIVER AND METHOD OF MAKING AN ALIGNED OPTOELECTRONIC RECEIVER

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box
is checked:

- ☐ was filed on _____
as United States Application Number or PCT
International Application Number _____
and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the
above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by
any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to
patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Code of Federal
Regulations, Regulations, § 1.56.

German Language Declaration

Ich beanspruche hiermit ausländische Prioritätsvorteile gemäss Title 35, US-Code, § 119 (a)-(d), bzw. § 365(b) aller unten aufgeführten Auslandsanmeldungen für Patente oder Erfinderurkunden, oder § 365(a) aller PCT internationalen Anmeldungen, welche wenigstens ein Land ausser den Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika benennen, und habe nachstehend durch ankreuzen sämtliche Auslandsanmeldungen für Patente bzw. Erfinderurkunden oder PCT internationale Anmeldungen angegeben, deren Anmeldetag dem der Anmeldung, für welche Priorität beansprucht wird, vorangeht.

Prior Foreign Applications
(Frühere ausländische Anmeldungen)

199 52 363.0 GERMANY
(Number) (Country)
(Number) (Land)

(Number) (Country)
(Number) (Land)

Ich beanspruche hiermit Prioritätsvorteile unter Title 35, US-Code, § 119(e) aller US-Hilfsanmeldungen wie unten aufgezählt.

(Application No.) (Filing Date)
(Akzenzeichen) (Anmeldetag)

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Priority Not Claimed
Priorität nicht beansprucht

OCTOBER 30, 1999 ☐
(Day/Month/Year Filed)
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(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(Tag/Monat/Jahr der Anmeldung)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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German Language Declaration

VERTRETUNGSVOLMACHT: Als benannter Erfinder beauftrage ich hiermit den (die) nachstehend aufgeführten Patentanwalt (älte) und/oder Vertreter mit der Verfolgung der vorliegenden Patentanmeldung sowie mit der Abwicklung aller damit verbundenen Angelegenheiten vor dem US-Patent- und Markenamt: *(Name(n) und Registrationsnummer(n) auflisten)*

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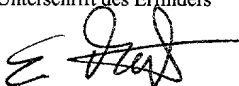
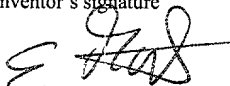
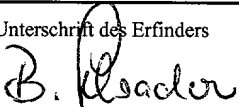
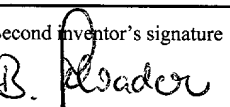
POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: *(list name and registration number)*

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